Read the story to learn why the kitten is called so. (Прочитай рассказ и узнай, почему так зовут кошечку.)

#### THE MERRY-GO-ROUND CAT

Here are some new words:

a merry-go-round — карусель an eye [aɪ] — глаз outdoor ['aʊtdɔ:] — уличный poor [pʊə] — бедный nobody's kitten — бездомная кошечка to look for — искать to see — видеть to stay — оставаться suddenly ['sʌdənlɪ] — вдруг to set — сажать

Mini is a kitten, a nice grey kitten with big green eyes. She hasn't got a father, a mother, a sister or a brother. Mini hasn't got any friends. She is an outdoor kitten. Poor Mini! She is nobody's kitten.

She goes from house to house to look for a friend. On and on she goes and goes, and goes. Mini stops at an office. She wants

to look for a friend. But she **sees** a big brown dog in the office. So Mini doesn't want to **stay** there.

She goes to a hospital then. But the doctor has got pussycat with seven black and white kittens. So Mini doesn't want to stay in the hospital.



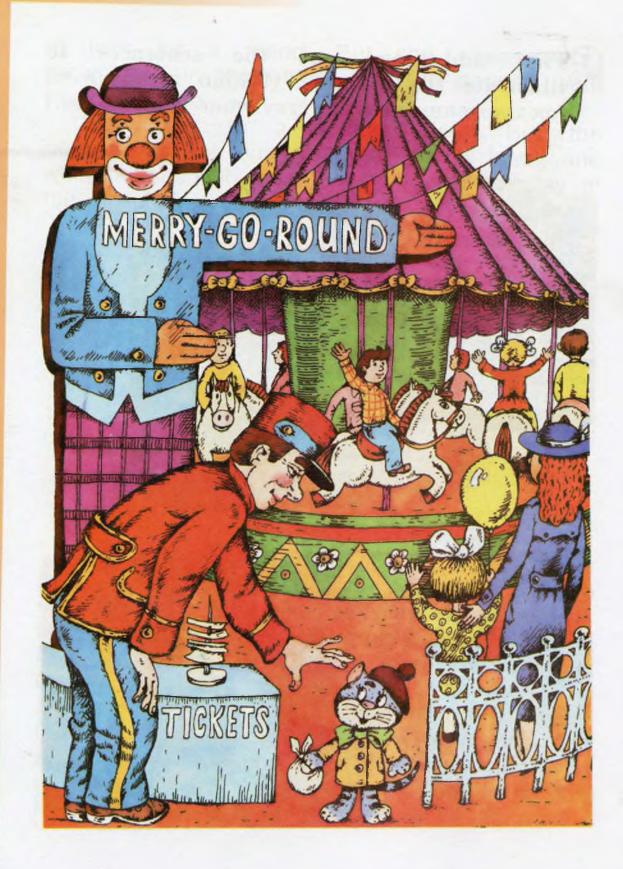
On and on she goes. Then she sees a park. Children like to run, jump and skip in the park. They like to play hide-and-seek and leapfrog there. **Suddenly** she sees a merry-go-round. She sees a man. His name is Charlie.

He loves Mini and **sets** her on a horse. It's fun to ride on the merry-go-round. And she stays with Charlie. Now Charlie and Mini are friends. And Mini, nobody's kitten, is now Mini, the merry-go-round Cat.

1 Find and read out the sentences to illustrate the pictures. (Найди и прочитай предложения, соответствующие картинкам.)









- 2 Arrange the sentences in a logical order according to the text. Use them as a plan to retell it. (Поставь предложения в соответствии с содержанием текста. Используй их в качестве плана для пересказа.)
- 1) Mini is in the park.
- 2) Mini is a poor kitten.
- 3) Mini is in the hospital.
- 4) Mini is in the office.
- 5) Mini and Charlie are friends.

Do you like dogs? Then read the story to know what happened to the dog, named Wolf. (Ты любишь собак? Тогда прочитай рассказ и узнай, что случилось с собакой по имени Волк.)

#### MY LITTLE DOG WOLF

Here are some new words:

a wolf [wolf] — волк
to live [liv] — жить
one day — однажды
out of ['aot əv] — из
to meet — встречать
to run away — убегать
after ['a:ftə] them — за ними
happy ['hæpɪ] — счастливый
a hen — курица

I've got a little dog. His name is **Wolf**. He is brown and white. Wolf is a nice dog. He likes me very much. We are friends. Little Wolf lives in a little house. The little house is a doghouse. The doghouse is green.

One day Wolf says: "I want to run, I want to play."

And he runs **out of** his house. On and on he runs and **meets** two little kittens. "Bow, wow," he says. The little kittens **run away** from him. Wolf runs **after them**. He wants to play with them. "Hello, kittens! Bow, wow," he says. But the kittens run away from him.

Wolf is not **happy**. On and on he goes. He meets five little yellow chicks.

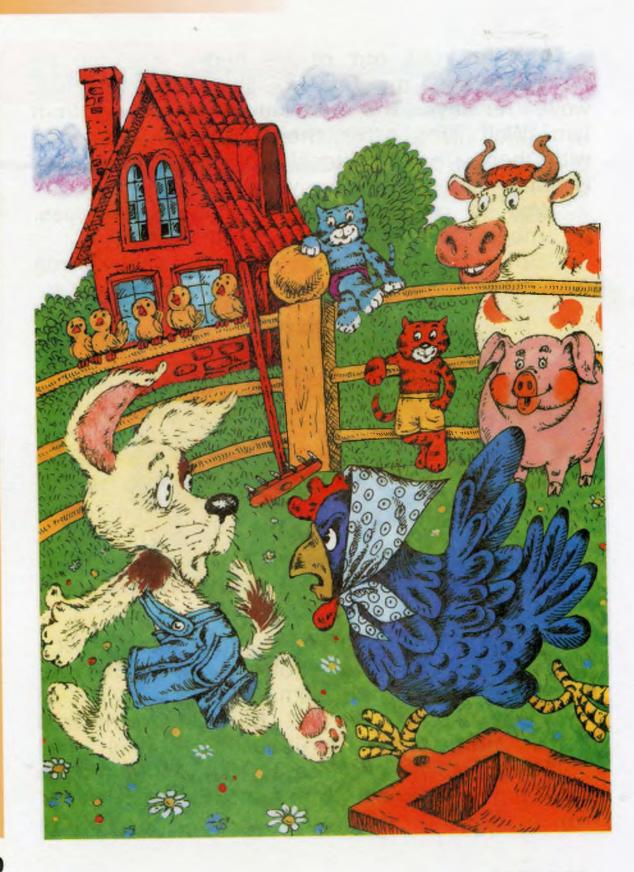
"Bow, wow," he says. The little chicks run



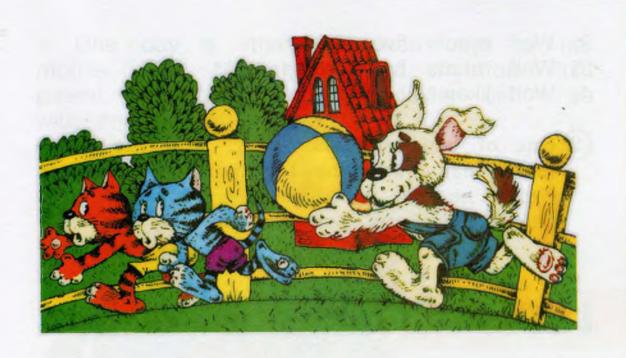
away from him, Wolf runs after them. "Let's play, chicks. Bow, wow," says Wolf. But the chicks run away from him.

On and on Wolf runs. Suddenly he meets Mother **Hen**. She is big and black.

"Bow, wow," Wolf says. But Mother Hen does not run away from him. She runs after him.







Now Wolf does not want to play. He wants to go home to his green doghouse.

He is at home and he likes his doghouse very much.

There is no place like home.1

- 1 Arrange the sentences in a logical order according to the text. Use them as a plan to retell it. (Поставь предложения в соответствии с содержанием текста. Используй их в качестве плана для пересказа.)
- 1) Wolf meets Mother Hen and doesn't want to play with her.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is no place like home. — В гостях хорошо, а дома лучше.

- 2) Wolf meets five chicks.
- 3) Wolf meets two kittens.
- 4) Wolf likes his little green doghouse.
- 2 One of you tells the story. And the classmates ask questions for more information. (Один из вас пересказывает текст, а другие задают ему вопросы.)

Do you want to know what Mother Cat teaches her daughter? Then read this text. (Ты хочешь узнать, чему Мама-кошка учит свою дочь? Тогда прочитай текст.)

#### THE LITTLE KITTEN

After Sh. Hamamdjian

Here are some new words:

а раw [pɔ:] — лапа the next day — на следующий день an ear [ɪə] — ухо to hear [hɪə] — слышать a mouth [maυθ] — рот One day a little red kitten says to her mother, "Oh, Mother, look at my four little paws! One, two, three, four! What can I do with my four little paws?"





Mother Cat says, "Oh, you little kitten, you can run with your paws!"

The little kitten runs and runs and runs.

The next day the little kitten says to her mother, "Oh, Mother, look at my two little eyes. One, two! What can I do with my two little eyes?"





Mother Cat says: "Oh, you little kitten, you can see with your eyes."

Then the little kitten says, "Yes, I can see with my eyes, I can see you, Mother, I can see little chicks, I can see a big dog."

The next day the little kitten says to her mother, "Oh, Mother, look at my two little ears."

One, two! What can I do with my little ears?"

Mother Cat says, "Oh, you little kitten, you can hear with your ears."

And the little kitten says, "Yes, yes, I can hear you with my little ears. I can hear you, Mother, I can hear little chicks, I can hear a big dog."

The next day the little kitten says to her mother, "Oh, Mother, look at my little mouth; what can I do with my little mouth?"

Mother Cat says, "Oh, you little kitten, you can eat a mouse with your little mouth."

And the little kitten says, "Yes, yes, I can eat a mouse with my little mouth. Oh, Mother, I hear a mouse, I see a little grey mouse, I run after it and I want to eat it."

### 1 Answer the questions. (Ответь на вопросы.)

- 1) What can the little kitten do with her four paws?
- 2) What can the little kitten do with her eyes?
- 3) What can the little kitten do with her two ears?
- 4) What does Mother Cat say about her mouth?

- 2 Try and role-play the tale. (Постарайся и разыграй сказку по ролям.)
- 3 Think of your own tale if you can. (Если сможешь, придумай свою сказку.)

Do you like to draw? Do you want to know how Dippy Duck learns to draw? Then read the story.

#### DIPPY DUCK'S DINOSAUR

After Moira Andrew

Here are some new words:

a dinosaur ['daɪnəsɔ:] — динозавр to add [æd] — добавлять a dot [dɒt] — точка a leg [leg] — нога paint [peɪnt] — краска; раскрашивать a dandelion ['dændɪlaɪən] — одуванчик lonely ['ləʊnlɪ] — одиноко a piece of paper ['pi:s əv 'peɪpə] — листок бумаги



Dippy Duck likes to draw a dancing dinosaur. He works all day, but the dinosaur doesn't look right.

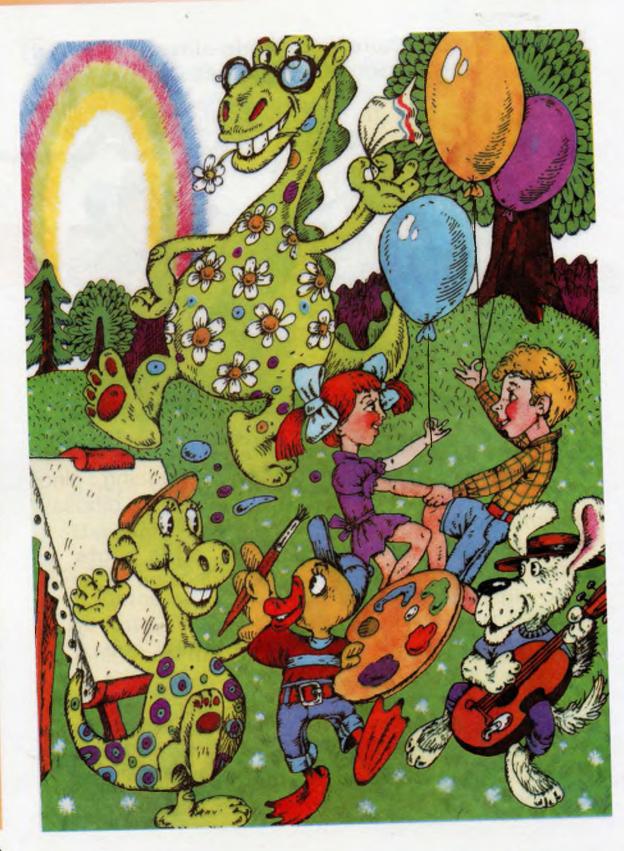
The next day Dippy Duck **adds dots** all over the dinosaur. But the dinosaur doesn't look right.

So Dippy Duck draws dark eyes, white teeth and **legs** to dance with. But the dinosaur doesn't look right.

"What must I do?" he asks his friend Poor Peter.

"Paint is what you need, Dippy Duck."

So Dippy Duck takes **paints** and paints it with pink, dark blue and green dots. He paints



so many dots that he is very tired. Then he paints **dandelions** so the dinosaur can dance in them. One day Dippy Duck's friend Lucy Lamp Lady comes to look at the picture.

"My dinosaur still looks **lonely**," says Dippy Duck sadly. "He looks lonely," says Lucy Lamp Lady. Dippy Duck thinks and thinks. Then he has an idea [aɪ'dɪə].

So Dippy Duck draws the dinosaur's Dad and a little dog.

Suddenly the dinosaur jumps out of the picture and begins to dance.

The dinosaur's Dad and his little dog dance too.

"How lovely! Dance with us, Dippy Duck," they say. Poor Peter and Lucy Lamp Lady want to dance with the dinosaur and his Dad, too. They dance and dance so they get tired and fall down, but they are very happy.

The next day Dippy Duck takes another piece of paper and again he draws and draws ...

Well, what do you think he draws? You decide.

- 1 Find sentences to illustrate the pictures and read them aloud.
- 2 Draw your own picture to give it to your mother on the 8th of March.



3 Read and learn the poem, then recite it to your mother and Granny.

### My Dear Mummy

My dear, dear Mummy, I love you very much. I want you to be happy On the 8th of March.

Be happy, be happy On the 8th of March. I love my dear Granny. I love her very much.

- And do you love your Granny?
- Of course, and very much.